House File 2647 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 2647
BY WINDSCHITL and PRICHARD

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to peace officers, including the certification,
- 2 training, and prosecution of peace officers and the use of
- 3 chokeholds by peace officers, and including effective date
- 4 and retroactive applicability provisions.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1	DIVISION I
2	PROSECUTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL
3	Section 1. NEW SECTION. 13.12 Prosecution of criminal
4	offenses committed by law enforcement officers.
5	The attorney general may prosecute a criminal offense
6	committed by a law enforcement officer, as defined in section
7	80B.3, arising from the actions of the officer resulting in the
8	death of another, regardless of whether the county attorney
9	requests the assistance of the attorney general or decides
10	to independently prosecute the criminal offense committed by
11	the officer. If the attorney general determines that criminal
12	charges are not appropriate, the attorney general may refer the
13	matter to the Iowa law enforcement academy council to recommend
14	revocation or suspension of the officer's certification if
15	the attorney general determines that the officer committed
16	misconduct that would be grounds for revocation or suspension
17	of a certification under chapter 80B or 80D, or rules adopted
18	pursuant to those chapters.
19	DIVISION II
20	USE OF CHOKEHOLDS BY PEACE OFFICERS
21	Sec. 2. Section 804.8, Code 2020, is amended to read as
22	follows:
23	804.8 Use of force by peace officer making an arrest.
24	1. A peace officer, while making a lawful arrest, is
25	justified in the use of any force which the peace officer
26	reasonably believes to be necessary to effect the arrest or to
27	defend any person from bodily harm while making the arrest.
28	However, the use of deadly force or a chokehold is only
29	justified when a person cannot be captured any other way and
30	either of the following apply:
31	a. The person has used or threatened to use deadly force in
32	committing a felony.
33	b. The peace officer reasonably believes the person
34	would use deadly force against any person unless immediately

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35 apprehended.

- A peace officer making an arrest pursuant to an invalid
- 2 warrant is justified in the use of any force which the peace
- 3 officer would be justified in using if the warrant were valid,
- 4 unless the peace officer knows that the warrant is invalid.
- 5 3. For purposes of this section, "chokehold" means the
- 6 intentional and prolonged application of force to the throat
- 7 or windpipe that prevents or hinders breathing or reduces the
- 8 intake of air.
- 9 DIVISION III
- 10 CERTIFICATIONS OTHER STATES REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION
- 11 Sec. 3. Section 80B.3, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 12 following new subsection:
- NEW SUBSECTION. 4. "Reserve peace officer" means the same
- 14 as defined in section 80D.1A.
- 15 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **80B.11F** Previous certification in
- 16 other states.
- 17 l. For purposes of this section, "serious misconduct" means
- 18 improper or illegal actions taken by a law enforcement officer
- 19 in connection with the officer's official duties including
- 20 but not limited to a conviction for a felony, fabrication of
- 21 evidence, repeated use of excessive force, acceptance of a
- 22 bribe, or the commission of fraud.
- 23 2. The council may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A to
- 24 establish a process for the certification through examination
- 25 of law enforcement officers who have been certified in another
- 26 state.
- 27 3. Before beginning employment with an employing agency in
- 28 this state, a law enforcement officer who has been certified
- 29 in another state must submit a preliminary application
- 30 for certification through examination to the council. The
- 31 application shall be under oath and shall require the applicant
- 32 to provide any information determined to be necessary by the
- 33 council, including but not limited to an attestation by the
- 34 applicant to any of the following:
- 35 a. Whether the applicant's certification as a law

- 1 enforcement officer has been revoked or suspended in another 2 state.
- 3 b. Whether the applicant has pled guilty to or been 4 convicted of a felony.
- 5 c. Whether the applicant has been discharged for serious
- 6 misconduct from employment as a law enforcement officer.
- 7 d. Whether the applicant left, voluntarily quit, or has been
- 8 laid off when the applicant knew or believed that disciplinary
- 9 investigation or action was imminent or pending which could
- 10 have resulted in the applicant being discharged for serious
- 11 misconduct.
- 12 4. The council shall deny a preliminary application upon a
- 13 finding that the applicant has done any of the following:
- 14 a. Been revoked as a certified law enforcement officer in
- 15 another state.
- 16 b. Pled guilty to or been convicted of a felony.
- 17 c. Been discharged for serious misconduct from employment
- 18 as a law enforcement officer.
- 19 d. Left, voluntarily quit, or been laid off when
- 20 disciplinary investigation or action was imminent or pending
- 21 which could have resulted in the applicant being discharged
- 22 for serious misconduct, if the council determines that the
- 23 applicant engaged in serious misconduct.
- 24 5. If the council denies a preliminary application for
- 25 certification through examination, the applicant shall be
- 26 prohibited from continued employment as a law enforcement
- 27 officer in this state.
- Sec. 5. Section 80B.13, subsections 8 and 9, Code 2020, are
- 29 amended to read as follows:
- 30 8. a. Revoke or suspend a law enforcement officer's or
- 31 reserve peace officer's certification for the conviction of
- 32 a felony or revoke or suspend a law enforcement officer's
- 33 certification for a violation of rules adopted pursuant to
- 34 section 80B.11, subsection 1, paragraph "h" pursuant to section
- 35 80B.13A. In addition the council may consider revocation or

- 1 suspension proceedings when an employing agency recommends to
- 2 the council that revocation or suspension would be appropriate
- 3 with regard to a current or former employee. If a law
- 4 enforcement officer resigns, the employing agency shall notify
- 5 the council that an officer has resigned and state the reason
- 6 for the resignation if a substantial likelihood exists that
- 7 the reason would result in the revocation or suspension of an
- 8 officer's certification for a violation of the rules.
- 9 b. A recommendation by an employing agency must be in
- 10 writing and set forth the reasons why the action is being
- 11 recommended, the findings of the employing agency concerning
- 12 the matter, the action taken by the employing agency, and that
- 13 the action by the agency is final. "Final", as used in this
- 14 section, means that all appeals through a grievance procedure
- 15 available to the officer or civil service have been exhausted.
- 16 The written recommendations shall be unavailable for inspection
- 17 by anyone except personnel of the employing agency, the council
- 18 and the affected law enforcement officer, or as ordered by a
- 19 reviewing court.
- 20 c. The council shall establish a process for the protest
- 21 and appeal of a revocation or suspension made pursuant to this
- 22 subsection.
- In accordance with chapter 17A, conduct investigations,
- 24 hold hearings, appoint hearing examiners administrative law
- 25 judges, administer oaths, and issue subpoenas enforceable
- 26 in district court on matters relating to the revocation or
- 27 suspension of a law enforcement officer's certification.
- 28 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 80B.13A Revocation or suspension of
- 29 certification.
- 30 l. For purposes of this section:
- 31 a. "Final" means that all appeals through a grievance
- 32 procedure available to the officer or civil service have been
- 33 exhausted.
- 34 b. "Serious misconduct" means improper or illegal actions
- 35 taken by a law enforcement officer or reserve peace officer in

- 1 connection with the officer's official duties including but not
- 2 limited to a conviction for a felony, fabrication of evidence,
- 3 repeated use of excessive force, acceptance of a bribe, or the
- 4 commission of fraud.
- 5 2. The council shall revoke the certification of a law
- 6 enforcement officer or reserve peace officer upon a finding
- 7 that the law enforcement officer or reserve peace officer has
- 8 done any of the following:
- 9 a. Pled guilty to or been convicted of a felony.
- 10 b. Been discharged for serious misconduct from employment
- 11 as a law enforcement officer or from appointment as a reserve
- 12 peace officer, as applicable.
- 13 c. Left, voluntarily quit, or been laid off when
- 14 disciplinary investigation or action was imminent or pending
- 15 which could have resulted in the law enforcement officer being
- 16 discharged or the reserve peace officer being removed for
- 17 serious misconduct, if the council determines that the officer
- 18 engaged in serious misconduct.
- 19 3. The council may revoke or suspend the certification of a
- 20 law enforcement officer or reserve peace officer due to any of
- 21 the following:
- 22 a. For any other grounds authorized by rules adopted
- 23 pursuant to section 80B.11, subsection 1, paragraph \tilde{h} , or
- 24 section 80D.4A.
- 25 b. When an employing agency recommends to the council that
- 26 revocation or suspension would be appropriate with regard to a
- 27 current or former employee. A recommendation by an employing
- 28 agency must be in writing and set forth the reasons why the
- 29 action is being recommended, the findings of the employing
- 30 agency concerning the matter, the action taken by the employing
- 31 agency, and that the action by the agency is final.
- 32 $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ When the attorney general recommends to the council
- 33 that revocation or suspension would be appropriate pursuant to
- 34 section 13.12.
- 35 4. An employing agency shall notify the council within ten

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- 1 days of any termination of employment of a law enforcement
- 2 officer or appointment as a reserve peace officer. The
- 3 notification must state whether the law enforcement officer or
- 4 reserve peace officer was discharged or removed for serious
- 5 misconduct or whether the officer left, voluntarily quit, or
- 6 was laid off when disciplinary investigation or action was
- 7 imminent or pending which could have resulted in the officer
- 8 being discharged or removed for serious misconduct. Upon
- 9 request by the council, the employing agency shall provide
- 10 any additional information or documentation about the officer
- 11 including confidential records or information under section
- 12 22.7 or other applicable law to the council.
- 5. Any recommendation, notification, or other record or
- 14 information provided by an employing agency or the attorney
- 15 general pursuant to this section shall be confidential except
- 16 as required by rule or order of the council, an administrative
- 17 law judge, or a reviewing court. Any employing agency or
- 18 person who, acting reasonably and in good faith, files a
- 19 notification or recommendation, releases information, or
- 20 otherwise cooperates with an investigation under this section
- 21 is immune from any liability, civil or criminal, which might
- 22 otherwise be incurred or imposed for such action.
- 23 6. The council shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A
- 24 establishing a process to challenge and appeal a revocation or
- 25 suspension made pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 7. Section 80D.4A, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 27 follows:
- 28 80D.4A Training and certification requirements revocation
- 29 or suspension of certification.
- 30 The director of the academy, subject to the approval
- 31 of the council, shall promulgate rules in accordance with
- 32 the provisions of this chapter and chapter 17A, giving due
- 33 consideration to varying factors and special requirements of
- 34 law enforcement agencies relative to the standardized training
- 35 and state certification of reserve peace officers. The rules

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- 1 shall provide for grounds for revocation or suspension of a
- 2 reserve peace officer's certification.
- 3 DIVISION IV
- 4 LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING DE-ESCALATION TECHNIQUES AND
- 5 PREVENTION OF BIAS
- 6 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 80B.11G Annual training -
- 7 de-escalation techniques and prevention of bias.
- 8 1. A law enforcement agency shall provide annual training
- 9 to every law enforcement officer on issues relating to
- 10 de-escalation techniques and the prevention of bias. Every law
- ll enforcement officer in the state must participate in annual
- 12 training in accordance with this section.
- 13 2. The academy shall develop and disseminate training
- 14 guidelines for all law enforcement officers consistent with
- 15 best practice guidelines.
- 16 3. Every law enforcement officer shall adhere to the
- 17 training guidelines developed by the academy pursuant to this
- 18 section. The training guidelines shall include all of the
- 19 following:
- 20 a. An emphasis on law enforcement officer understanding
- 21 and respect for diverse communities and the importance of
- 22 effective, noncombative methods of carrying out law enforcement
- 23 activities in a diverse community.
- 24 b. Instruction on diverse communities in order to foster
- 25 mutual respect and cooperation between law enforcement and
- 26 members of all diverse communities.
- 27 c. An examination of the patterns, practices, and protocols
- 28 that cause biased law enforcement actions, and the tools to
- 29 prevent such actions.
- 30 d. An examination and identification of key indices and
- 31 perspectives that make up differences among residents in a
- 32 local community.
- 33 e. Instruction on implicit bias and consideration of the
- 34 negative impact of bias, whether intentional or implicit,
- 35 on effective law enforcement, including examination of how

- 1 historical perceptions of profiling have harmed community
- 2 relations.
- 3 f. Instruction on the perspectives of diverse local
- 4 constituency groups from experts on particular cultural and law
- 5 enforcement-community relations issues in a local area.
- 6 q. A presentation of the history and the role of the civil
- 7 rights movement and the impact on law enforcement.
- 8 h. Instruction on de-escalation techniques, including verbal
- 9 and physical tactics to minimize the need for the use of force
- 10 and nonlethal methods of applying force.
- 11 4. In developing the training guidelines, the academy shall
- 12 consult with the Iowa civil rights commission, groups and
- 13 individuals having an interest and expertise in the field of
- 14 cultural awareness and diversity, and advocacy organizations
- 15 with an interest and expertise in the field of biased law
- 16 enforcement actions. The academy shall also consult with local
- 17 law enforcement agencies to consider challenges and barriers to
- 18 providing training under the guidelines and methods to ease the
- 19 burden on such agencies.
- 20 Sec. 9. IMPLEMENTATION OF ACT. Section 25B.2, subsection 3,
- 21 shall not apply to this division of this Act.
- 22 DIVISION V
- 23 EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY
- 24 Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. Unless otherwise
- 25 provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
- 26 July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment.
- 27 Sec. 11. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. Unless otherwise
- 28 provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
- 29 July 1, 2020, applies retroactively to July 1, 2020.
- 30 EXPLANATION
- 31 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
- 32 the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 33 This bill relates to peace officers, including the
- 34 certification, training, and prosecution of peace officers and
- 35 the use of chokeholds by peace officers.

1 PROSECUTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL. The bill authorizes the 2 attorney general to prosecute a criminal offense committed by a 3 law enforcement officer arising from the actions of the officer 4 resulting in the death of another, regardless of whether the 5 county attorney requests the assistance of the attorney general 6 or decides to independently prosecute the criminal offense 7 committed by the officer. If the attorney general determines 8 that criminal charges are not appropriate, the bill authorizes 9 the attorney general to refer the matter to the Iowa law 10 enforcement academy council (council) to recommend revocation ll or suspension of the officer's certification. 12 USE OF CHOKEHOLDS BY PEACE OFFICERS. The bill provides 13 that the use of a chokehold, as defined in the bill, by a 14 peace officer while making an arrest is only justified when 15 the person being arrested has used or threatened to use 16 deadly force in committing a felony, or when the peace officer 17 reasonably believes the person would use deadly force against 18 any person unless immediately apprehended. These are the same 19 circumstances under which the use of deadly force by a peace 20 officer during an arrest is justified under current law. CERTIFICATIONS — OTHER STATES — REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION. 21 22 The bill allows the council to appoint administrative law The bill sets forth the circumstances under which the 23 judges. 24 council is required to revoke a law enforcement officer's or 25 reserve peace officer's certification, and the circumstances 26 under which the council is authorized to revoke or suspend 27 an officer's certification. The bill requires an employing 28 agency to notify the council within 10 days of any termination 29 of employment of a law enforcement officer or appointment as a 30 reserve peace officer. The bill allows the council to adopt rules to establish 31 32 a process for the certification through examination of law 33 enforcement officers who have been certified in another state. 34 The bill requires that before beginning employment with an

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35 employing agency in this state, a law enforcement officer who

- 1 has been certified in another state must submit, under oath, a 2 preliminary application for certification through examination 3 to the council which shall include but not be limited to an 4 attestation by the applicant to whether the applicant has 5 had the officer's certification as a law enforcement officer 6 revoked or suspended in another state; has pled quilty to or 7 been convicted of a felony; has been discharged for serious 8 misconduct from employment as a law enforcement officer; 9 or has left, voluntarily quit, or been laid off when the 10 applicant knew or believed that disciplinary investigation ll or action was imminent or pending which could have resulted 12 in the law enforcement officer being discharged for serious 13 misconduct. If the council denies the preliminary application 14 for certification through examination, the applicant shall 15 be prohibited from continued employment as a law enforcement 16 officer in this state. LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING - DE-ESCALATION TECHNIQUES AND 17 18 PREVENTION OF BIAS. The bill requires a law enforcement agency 19 to provide annual training to every law enforcement officer 20 employed by the law enforcement agency on issues relating to 21 de-escalation techniques and the prevention of bias. 22 bill requires the Iowa law enforcement academy to develop and 23 disseminate training quidelines meeting certain requirements 24 set forth in the bill, in consultation with certain parties 25 including the Iowa civil rights commission. 26 The bill may include a state mandate as defined in Code 27 section 25B.3. The bill makes inapplicable Code section 25B.2, 28 subsection 3, which would relieve a political subdivision from 29 complying with a state mandate if funding for the cost of 30 the state mandate is not provided or specified. Therefore, 31 political subdivisions are required to comply with any state 32 mandate included in the bill.
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Unless

34 otherwise provided, the bill, if approved by the governor on 35 or after July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment and applies

EFFECTIVE DATE AND RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY.

33

1 retroactively to July 1, 2020.